



Care Sheet

Cape Sundew

Drosera Capensis, also known as Cape Sundew, is a species of carnivorous plant. It is one of the easiest of this genre to breed in captivity. Follow these instructions to keep them alive and healthy

- **Soil:** Employ nutrient-free and fertilizer free soil—a mixture of peat moss or sphagnum moss with peat or silica sand is a suitable option.
- **Lighting:** These plants need lots of light. You can employ artificial or natural light. The minimum amount of light exposure is 6 hours. Optimally, provide 8-12 hours of light.
- **Temperature needs:** They need temperatures between 20 and 35 C (68 - 100 F) during the summer. During the winter, it is recommended that the temperature oscillates over 10 C (50 F).
- **Watering needs:** Cape Sundews must remain in humid soil at all times. Water often or employ the water tray method to keep the soil moist.
- **Feeding:** Only feed indoor plants; outdoor plants capture their own food. When feeding, employ bugs and only feed once or twice a month.
- **Trimming:** Use sharp scissors to trim dead leaves when necessary. Please do not cut off leaves until they have entirely withered.
- **Humidity needs:** Keep humidity levels between 40% and 70%. A humidifier is a practical solution to increase the humidity indoors.
- **Use of Fertilizers:** It is possible to fertilize Sundews, but it must be done with care. Avoid fertilizing to prevent damage.
- **Dormancy:** they do not require dormancy, but their growth can be stalled due to cold weather exposure.